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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/565,893	09/22/2006	Shaun Patrick Rymer	102792-518 (11296P1 US)	8060
	7590 11/15/200 AUGHLIN & MARC	EXAMINER		
875 THIRD AV		SHARPE, DANIEL T		
18TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			4156	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/15/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		App	Application No. Applicant(s)					
		10/	565,893	RYMER ET AL.	RYMER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary			miner	Art Unit				
		Dar	iel T. Sharpe	4156				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commu or Reply	nication appears	on the cover shee	et with the correspondence	address			
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MINISTRATE IS LONGER IN THE MONTHS FROM THE MINISTRATE IS LONGER IN THE MONTH	MAILING DATE ( s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). I munication. tatutory period will appl y will, by statute, cause	OF THIS COMMU In no event, however, may y and will expire SIX (6) the application to becon	JNICATION.  ay a reply be timely filed  MONTHS from the mailing date of this ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) fil	ed on 22 Senten	nber 2006					
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>22 September 2006</u> .  This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition	<i>′</i> —		natters, prosecution as to t	he merits is			
- /	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	on of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the	application.						
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.							
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
-	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or elec	tion requirement					
Applicat	on Papers							
9) 又	The specification is objected to by the	ne Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>24 January 2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
, <b>,</b>		·		-				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  Notice of Informal Patent Application								
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/24/2006</u> .		· —	. ——.				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: Cps is not a standard abbreviation of centipoise. Please use centipoise, cP, or cps.

Appropriate correction is required.

2. Claims 9 and 12 objected to because of the following informalities: Cps is not a standard abbreviation of centipoise. Please use centipoise, cP, or cps. Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 6-7, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Keller (US 5458262).

Keller '262 discloses:

A bottle for dispensing two liquids, the bottle comprising two reservoirs(17 and 18), one for each liquid, a nozzle(13) through which the liquids are dispensed from the bottle, a passageway from each reservoir leading out of the nozzle(A and B), and a deflector plate(21) between the two passageways(A and B) and projecting from the end of a nozzle(13) in a direction substantially parallel to the direction of flow from the nozzles thereby causing the liquid leaving one passageway(A or B) to be deflected towards the liquid leaving the other

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passageway(B or A) so that the two liquids first mix once they have passed the deflector p!ate(21).

A bottle according to claim 1, wherein the passageways(A and B) are arranged in a side-by-side relationship.

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A bottle according to claim 1, wherein a single deflector plate(21) is arranged to deflect the liquid from both passageways(A and B).

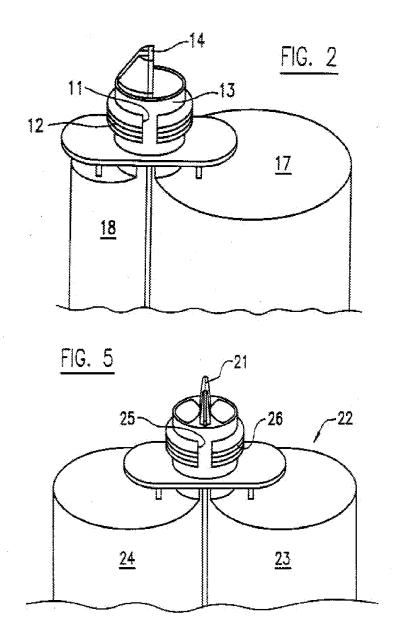
A bottle according to claim 1, wherein the free end of the deflector plate(21) is tapered in the direction of flow.

A bottle according to claim 1, wherein the two passageways(A and B) are substantially parallel in the nozzle(13).

A nozzle(13) through which two liquids are dispensed, the nozzle(13) being provided with two passageways(A and B) and a deflector plate(21) in the nozzle(13) between the two passageways(A and B) and projecting from the end of the nozzle(13) thereby causing at least one of the liquids leaving the passageways(A and B) to be deflected towards the other so that the two liquids first mix once they have passed the deflector plate(21).

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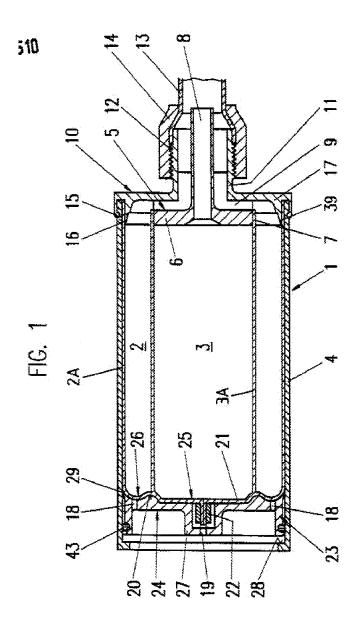
3. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Keller (US 5647510).

#### Keller '510 discloses:

A bottle(1) for dispensing two liquids, the bottle comprising two reservoirs(2 and 3), one for each liquid, a nozzle(13) through which the liquids are dispensed from the bottle, a passageway from each reservoir leading out of the nozzle(8 and 11), and a deflector plate(8) between the two passageways(8 and 11) and projecting from the end of a nozzle(13) in a direction substantially parallel to the direction of

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flow from the nozzles thereby causing the liquid leaving one passageway(8 or 11) to be deflected towards the liquid leaving the other passageway(8 or 11) so that the two liquids first mix once they have passed the deflector plate(8). A bottle according to claim 1, wherein only one passageway(11) is provided with the deflector plate(C).



4. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bergman (US 4240566).

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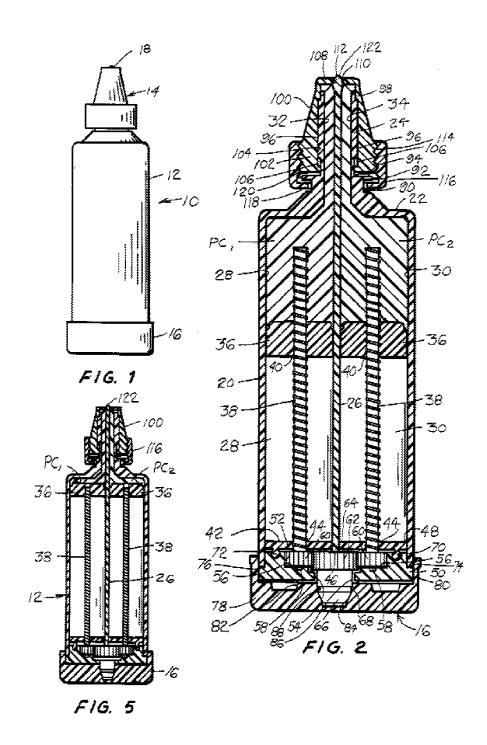
## Bergman discloses:

A bottle(10) for dispensing two liquids, the bottle comprising two reservoirs(28 and 30), one for each liquid, a nozzle(18) through which the liquids are dispensed from the bottle, a passageway from each reservoir leading out of the nozzle(32 and 34), and a deflector plate(26) between the two passageways(32 and 34) and projecting from the end of a nozzle(18) in a direction substantially parallel to the direction of flow from the nozzles thereby causing the liquid leaving one passageway(32 or 34) to be deflected towards the liquid leaving the other passageway(34 or 32) so that the two liquids first mix once they have passed the deflector p!ate(26).

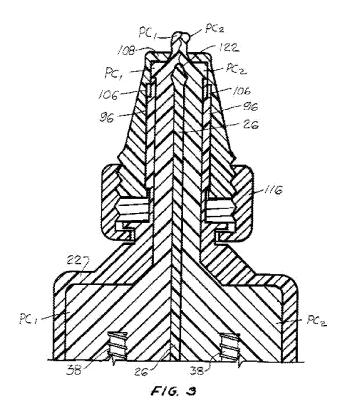
A bottle according to claim 1, wherein each passageway has its own deflector plate (108a and 108b).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

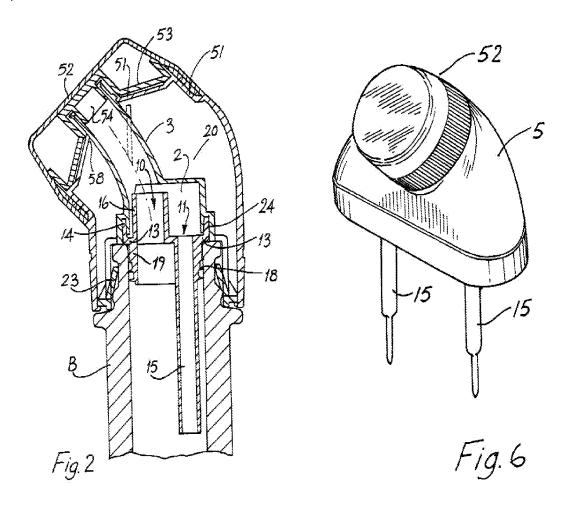
- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

7. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Keller (US 5458262) in view of Dubach (US 6439433).

Keller '262 discloses all of the elements of claim 8 except for a nozzle angled in respect to the main axis of the bottle. Dubach teaches the angling of the nozzle with respect to the container axis.



It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the container of Keller '262 with the angled neck of Dubach for

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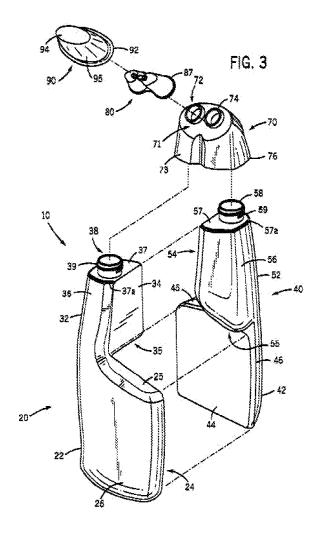
the predictable result of directing the stream of mixed liquid to be directed at an predetermined angle to the bottle's axis.

8. Claims 9, 10, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Keller (US 5458262) in view of Conway (US 6758411).

Keller '262 discloses all of the elements of claims 9, 10, and 12 except for the viscosities of the liquids to be used and the use of a detergent in the device. Conway teaches the use of low viscosity fluids in such a bottle, as well as teaching the use of such a bottle for dispensing a two part detergent solution.

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In column 1 lines 26-28, Conway teaches "an aqueous liquid detergent composition that is prepared and delivered from a dual-compartment container". In column 15 lines 51-54, Conway provides "for example, viscosities of 10-30 centipoise when measured with a Brookfiels viscometer...are suitable".

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to try using the bottle of Keller '262 with the fluids explicitly taught by Conway. It would produce the predictable result of providing a more complete and efficient mixing for the fluids.

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#### Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- Staheli(US 4690306) discloses a multichambered device for applying and storing one or more substances.
- Ernst(US 4771919) discloses a device with two chambers and a mixing nozzle.
- Ball (US 5102016) discloses a dispenser for applying two flowable materials
   through a common spout.
- Kaylor (US5492276) discloses a method for merging a plurality of liquid streams.
- Heusser (US 6161730) discloses an apparatus for carrying out a mixing dispensing of a plurality of flowable components from a multiple chambered vessel

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel T. Sharpe whose telephone number is 571-270-3766. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (alt F off) 9-5 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Isabella can be reached on 571-272-4749. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Daniel T Sharpe Examiner Art Unit 4156

/DAVID J ISABELLA/Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 4156